



1320 Research Park Drive
Manhattan, Kansas 66502

MINUTES OF THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

1. The State Conservation Commission meeting was called to order by Rod Vorhees, Chairman and Area V Commissioner at 9:06 a.m., Tuesday, May 12, 2015, at the Kansas Department of Agriculture, 1320 Research Park Drive, Manhattan, Kansas.
2. **ATTENDANCE:**

Elected Commissioners:

Andy Larson, Area II Commissioner
Brad Shogren, Area III Commissioner
John Wunder, Area IV Commissioner
Rod Vorhees, Area V Commissioner

Ex-Officio & Appointed Members:

Eric Banks, State Conservationist, USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)
Peter Tomlinson, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Extension Specialist for Environmental Quality Agronomy Department, Kansas State University (KSU)

Division of Conservation, Kansas Department of Agriculture Staff:

Greg Foley, Executive Director
Scott Carlson, Assistant Director
Don Jones, Water Quality Program Manager
Steve Frost, Administrative Manager
Hakim Saadi, P.E., Watershed & Water Supply Program Manager
Dave Jones, Conservation District Coordinator
Cathy Thompson, Program Consultant
Kristin Miller, Land Reclamation & Administrative Specialist

Guests:

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Herb Graves, Executive Director, State Association of Kansas Watersheds (SAKW)
Jim Krueger, Executive Director, Kansas Association of Conservation Districts (KACD)
Stacy Mayo, From the Land of Kansas Director, Kansas Department of Agriculture (KDA)

3. ADDITIONS/CORRECTIONS TO AND APPROVAL OF AGENDA:

ADDITIONS:

Motion by Brad Shogren to approve the agenda, as presented. Seconded by Andy Larson. Motion carried.

4. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING:

Motion by Andy Larson to approve the April 13, 2015 minutes, as mailed. Seconded by John Wunder. Motion carried.

5. COMMENTS FROM GUESTS:

- a. Herb Graves. – Herb discussed Kansas House Bill 2061.
- b. Jim Krueger – Jim discussed the Leopold Conservation Award Program, Pat Lehman Legacy Award, and Soil Health Champions.
- c. Patti Winters – Submitted a written report for the KACD-EO. – See Attachment A.

6. COMMUNICATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS:

- a. Greg Foley discussed Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas Phase I Action Items – See Attachment B.
- b. Scott Carlson gave an overview of highlights from the Marshall County Conservation District board meeting DOC staff attended.

7. UNFINISHED BUSINESS:

- a. Take final action on the District Operations Review form – Scott Carlson. – See Attachment C.

Motion by Brad Shogren to adopt the District Operations Review form as SCC policy. Seconded by Andy Larson. Motion carried.

- b. Final legislative report and FY 2016 budget – Greg Foley. – See Attachment D.

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- c. Update on 2015 SCC/KACD Joint Annual meeting – Greg Foley.
- d. Review final direction on KACD Luncheon – Greg Foley

Stacy Mayo gave a presentation on From the Land of Kansas. – See Attachment E

8. NEW BUSINESS

- a. Water Resources Cost-Share Program (WRCSP) – Don Jones. – See Attachment F

Review and take possible action on FY 2016 (WRCSP) county allocations.

Motion by Brad Shogren to approve the FY 2016 WRCSP county allocations as presented in attached handout. Seconded by John Wunder. Motion carried.

- b. Non-Point Source Pollution Control Program (NPSPCP) – Don Jones. – See Attachment G.

Review and take possible action on FY 2016 (NPSPCP) county allocations.

Motion by Andy Larson to approve the FY 2016 NPSPCP applications as presented in attached handout. Seconded by Brad Shogren. Motion carried.

- c. Watershed Dam Construction Program (WDCP) – Hakim Saadi. – See Attachment H.

Review and take possible action on FY 2016 WDCP applications for new dam construction.

Motion by John Wunder to approve the FY 2016 WDCP applications as presented in attached handout. Seconded by Brad Shogren. Motion carried.

- d. Administration.

Review and authorize Commissioner and Staff travel.

9. REPORTS:

- a. Agency Reports:

- i. NRCS – Eric Banks. - See Attachment I.
- ii. K-State Agronomy – Peter Tomlinson. Reported on new hires and retirements,

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b. Staff reports:

- i. Greg Foley reported on Water Conservation Areas Frequently Asked Questions. – See Attachment J.
- ii. Scott Carlson reported on the KACD Convention breakout sessions that will be provided by the Division of Conservation.
- iii. Hakim Saadi reported that he attended meetings for Lyons Creek WJD 41, Upper Black Vermilion WJD 37, SAKW, and the Watershed Partnership. He also went on several site inspections and is reviewing dam inspection reports and watershed minutes.
- iv. Steve Frost reported that the DOC is a supporting partner with KSU's Southwest Research & Extension Service in a NRCS Conservation Innovation Grant application on water conservation. The application identifies NRCS, KSU, DOC and landowner funds to research and demonstrate a new irrigation technology utilizing drip lines which can be attached to center pivots. The application is now in the final round of review and consideration. Steve also presented a draft of the FY2016 Aid to Conservation Districts report. – See Attachment K.
- v. Don Jones reported that DOC staff members are part of a work group to develop a streambank implementation strategy for Kansas. Members of the work group are DOC, KDHE, and KWO.
- vi. Dave Jones reported on his travel schedule.

c. Commissioner Reports:

- i. Area II – Andy Larson. Reported that they received some rain. It was a bit late for the wheat crops, but nice for the other crops.
- ii. Area III – Brad Shogren. Reported that his crops are in and looking good.
- iii. Area IV – John Wunder. Reported that it is wet in northeast Kansas. He also stated that a lot of corn and some soybeans are being planted. There are also quite a few terraces going in.
- iv. Area V – Rod Vorhees. Reported that they received some rain.

10. ADJOURN:

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The next regular Commission meeting is scheduled for August 9-10, 2015 in Norton, Kansas.

Motion by Brad Shogren to adjourn. Seconded by John Wunder. Motion carried. Meeting adjourned at 1:22 p.m.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Greg A. Foley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Greg" being the most prominent.

Greg A. Foley Executive Director

KACD-EO Report SCC Meeting May 12, 2015 Meeting

The Statewide EO Meeting was held May 5-6 in Manhattan, with 77 districts represented. On Tuesday, we met in the KDA meeting room and heard presentations from Stephanie Royer on Women In Ag meeting topics across the state; Josh Roe on grants; DeAnn Presley on soil health, and Cathy Musick on pollinator activities we could use with education programs, as well as reports from KACD/DOC/NRCS. Barbara Donovan and John Bond provided information on KAWS. Roberta Spencer provided information on the KACD Youth and Education Committee. After a tour of the DOC, EO members enjoyed ice cream from Call Hall and a tour of the flower garden on campus. Wednesday, 45 employees attended a tour of the Plant Materials Center. After 5-6 inches of rain fell on Manhattan Monday and early Wednesday, the PMC tour needed to be revamped a bit. Rich Wynia was very accommodating to the situation. Kris Tecklenberg and a Soil Health team comprised of NRCS personnel, conducted soil health experiments. Rich provided a tour of the Plant Materials Center and facilities.

The EO would like to thank DOC/KDA staff for their assistance with the meeting, setting up the meeting room, basically being at our beckon call throughout the day. We wouldn't have had a successful meeting without the assistance and participation of ALL the partners!

Mandy Shoemaker was appointed in Area 5 to fulfill the term of Kelli Kramer.

Districts have been busy with school activities and some will be involved with summer programs at libraries, 4-H, and fairs. They will also be busy with district activities, completing FY 15 projects and gearing up for FY 16.

Our next Executive Board meeting will be September 17 in Hutchinson.

As always, please let me know if there something that I can do or if you have any questions.

Submitted,

Patti Winters

KACD-EO President

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas
Phase I Action Items

Attachment B

Category	Action Item
Immediate Action Item	Improve coordination on water related issues with the state's primary water related agencies through the creation of the Governor's Water Resources Sub-Cabinet at the Executive level with additional regular agency collaboration to implement joint activities.
Immediate Action Item	Establish a Blue-Ribbon Task Force to develop a balanced, affordable and sustainable method to provide financing for water resource management and protection, including alternatives that utilize public and private partnerships.
Additional Sources of Supply	Conduct workshops with state and federal agencies and local stakeholders on data collection and research findings and discuss impacts, benefits and feasibility of implementing alternatives
Additional Sources of Supply	Remove and dispose up to three million cubic yards of sediment from John Redmond Reservoir
Additional Sources of Supply	Eliminate statutory prohibition to use drinking water State Revolving Loan Fund (SRF) funds for water transfers and identify other state policies which unnecessarily limit transfers
Additional Sources of Supply	Review opportunities to increase utilization of the Missouri River to meet Kansas' needs while recognizing and protecting the existing users
Additional Sources of Supply	Communicate and collaborate with neighboring states on potential water transfers
Additional Sources of Supply	Develop interconnected water storage computer model for all eastern Kansas basins with federal water supply reservoirs
Additional Sources of Supply	Compile inventory of lower quality waters, including type, quantity and location, as well as, an assessment of potential uses and contaminants contained in water. Lower quality waters include treated wastewater effluent, grey water, stormwater runoff, oil and gas flow back and produced water, brackish surface and ground water and other waters with elevated levels of contaminants
<i>Additional Sources of Supply</i>	<i>Identify all barriers that may exist to allow the use of lower quality waters</i>
<i>Additional Sources of Supply</i>	<i>State and local laws, regulations, guidelines and policies</i>
<i>Additional Sources of Supply</i>	<i>Review irrigation supplements to wastewater and current calculations that impact the consumptive use at the facility</i>
<i>Additional Sources of Supply</i>	<i>Utilize USGS model to determine the effect of chloride remediation activities in the Equus Beds Aquifer</i>
<i>Additional Sources of Supply</i>	<i>Ensure that cost-share incentives are available for stockwater users to adopt reuse technology</i>

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas

Phase I Action Items

Additional Sources of Supply	Develop a plan to address future use storage in Milford, Perry, Big Hill, Clinton and Hillsdale Reservoirs; including the collection of revenue to call future use storage into service in Clinton and Hillsdale
Additional Sources of Supply	Encourage research on the rate and volume of water moving from playas to the Ogallala- High Plains Aquifer; quantify the levels of restoration needed and enumerate the average amount of water deposited annually in playas

Category	Action Item
Water Conservation	Appoint a task force to develop a multi-phased educational proposal for target audiences of K-12, community leaders and media to promote local conservation decisions. Existing educational efforts, programs and activities should be incorporated as appropriate.
Water Conservation	<i>Develop a Best Management Practice (BMP) conservation guide for communities building on existing resources and success stories</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Implement community facilitation programs, with partners like K-State Research and Extension (KSRE), to develop ownership for local conservation decisions</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Design and implement a statewide curriculum for K-12 on water conservation, building on current resources and knowledge such as Project WET and integrate water conservation into science curriculum, by working with partners such as the Kansas Association of Conservation and Environmental Education (KACEE) and the Kansas Department of Education</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Develop additional activities within youth and adult organizations such as 4-H and the KSRE system to educate others and promote youth activities related to water conservation</i>
Water Conservation	Conduct drought simulation exercises to educate the public and identify gaps in conservation efforts
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Incorporate drought simulation efforts into state hazard planning and seek funding and support for efforts from partners such as the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), National Integrated Drought Information System (NIDIS) and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)</i>
Water Conservation	Create a long-term commitment to water conservation education by designating responsibility for water conservation public information and outreach within agencies of the Water Resources Sub-Cabinet
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Develop continual media plans and message maps related to water conservation and the importance of local engagement to be implemented by multiple partners through all aspects of traditional paid, earned and social media</i>
Water Conservation	Provide greater information and decision making tools to evaluate the economic impacts, both short-term and long-term, of reduced water use

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas

Phase I Action Items

Water Conservation	Enhance educational programming specifically for state legislators as well as other state officials, the Congressional delegation and local policy makers
Water Conservation	Develop a rewards and recognition program for successful Kansas conservation activities
Water Conservation	<i>Develop recognition and incentive systems to identify and reward communities, individuals, businesses and industry that implement local conservation best management practices successfully. This could include the creation of a private “water audit” certification program such as Leadership Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) to identify individuals achieving highly efficient water use and conservation</i>
Water Conservation	Develop financial and non-financial incentives to encourage additional irrigation water conservation. Non-financial incentives could include state policy changes to afford irrigators with greater water use flexibility to aid in achieving conservation goals on less water intensive crops or cropping densities
Water Conservation	Coordinate with USDA Risk Management Agency (RMA) to address crop insurance policies that disincentive water conservation, such as limited irrigation
Water Conservation	Increase support and promotion of Local Enhanced Management Areas (LEMAs)
Water Conservation	<i>Provide greater support to local entities in LEMA development and management</i>

Category	Action Item
Water Conservation	<i>Target water conservation incentives, including existing cost share program and new incentives, to established LEMAs to support implementation of lower water consumption actions</i>
Water Conservation	Establish corrective controls that allow flexibility based on local average reasonable use within the LEMA statute so not to penalize those who have already demonstrated reduced water use
Water Conservation	Expand LEMAs so a proposal can come forward to the Chief Engineer from either GMDs, directly from local water right holders or other entities such as county conservation districts
Water Conservation	Coordinate with the Kansas Department of Commerce and Kansas Department of Agriculture Marketing Division to consider incentives to recruit businesses and focus economic development on businesses that value water conservation, use water efficient technologies and reduce the removal of water from the state
Water Conservation	<i>Encourage value added processing within Kansas by providing financial or water right credit incentives to dairies and feedlots</i>
Water Conservation	Prioritize and implement targeted funding in priority watersheds by working with local, state and federal conservation programs and partnerships

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas

Phase I Action Items

<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Utilize existing groups such as conservation districts and KSRE to promote programs and initiatives</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Build on the success of Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategy (WRAPs) plans and engage expertise of stakeholder leadership teams</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Increase utilization and adoption of BMPs by working with local leaders</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Target construction and maintenance of watershed structures that provide the highest sediment reduction in priority watersheds through Watershed Districts</i>
Water Conservation	Develop a detailed monitoring strategy to assess current and ongoing sediment inflow into public water supply reservoirs
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Prioritize basins that will need assessment</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Identify all components of the monitoring strategy, including bathymetry and inflow stream sediment monitoring network</i>
<i>Water Conservation</i>	<i>Define a strategy to identify particular sub-basins that contribute the most significant loading rates</i>
Water Conservation	Develop a strategy to overcome hurdles with federal permitting for new conservation practices and structures to decrease the sediment load from entering water supply reservoirs
Water Conservation	Develop and implement a sediment and nutrient reduction Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP) in watersheds above targeted federal reservoirs and watersheds with excessive nutrient runoff. This program would serve to support ongoing efforts to address the Kansas Nutrient Reduction Strategy developed by KDHE, KWO, KDA, and KDWPT.

Category	Action Item
Water Management	Coordinate with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers through table-top exercises and workshops on a plan to improve operational efficiency of water supply reservoirs
Water Management	Evaluate the level of minimum releases from Clinton, Pomona, Melvern and Hillsdale Reservoirs
Water Management	Develop a long term strategy for representing Kansas in interstate water issues that best serves Kansas and its citizens
<i>Water Management</i>	<i>Routinely coordinate interstate water issues within Kansas water agencies to ensure the state is best represented</i>
<i>Water Management</i>	<i>Improve opportunities for local stakeholders to engage in and provide input on interstate water issues</i>
<i>Water Management</i>	<i>Host regularly scheduled public meetings to connect stakeholders with policy makers and those involved with advising and making interstate decisions</i>

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas

Phase I Action Items

Water Management	Ensure Kansas interstate water compacts are monitored and enforced and build upon existing working relationships with other compact states
Water Management	Host a Governor's Summit among the Ogallala Aquifer states to develop a regional vision with a focus on cooperative efforts and common goals across the states (Planning initiated in Phase I, to be held in Phase II)
Water Management	Work with other states to address federal water related policy proposals that have negative impacts on the region
Water Management	Coordinate with other states that have federal reservoirs with water supply storage to influence national policy which supports local needs
Water Management	Host a Governor's Summit between the Missouri River states to collaborate on river and reservoir management issues (Planning initiated in Phase I, to be held in Phase II)
Water Management	Develop a water right violation and enforcement process that is more transparent as well as consistent and is included in Rules and Regulations
Water Management	<i>Increase enforcement and implement more stringent fees and penalties for over pumping and other violations. This action will include a regulatory change with full comment period</i>
Water Management	Limit the movement of a point of diversion greater than 300 feet in areas where the source is ground water and resource is declining unless the applicant of the change application can demonstrate hydrologic analysis or pump test results, that the new, proposed location does not adversely affect any current authorized nearby wells, including domestic wells. This change will include a regulatory change with full comment period
Water Management	Allow for the leasing of water rights to develop authority for the full beneficial use of the resource while protecting senior water rights
Water Management	Develop flexibility options for stockwater, municipal and industrial uses to improve management and evaluate current consumptive use regulations to ensure they are being applied properly
Water Management	Administratively close additional areas of the state to new appropriations where already fully allocated
Water Management	Propose legislation to modify Multi-Year Flex Account (MYFA) statute to allow roll forward of unused water when a water right holder re-enrolls into another five-year flex account
Water Management	Use the U.S. Geological Survey Model (USGS) to evaluate recharge values in Equus Beds Groundwater Management District No. 2 (GMD#2) to determine if areas are currently over appropriated and should be closed to new appropriations

Category	Action Item
Water Management	Consider options for more effective organization of water related roles and responsibilities at the state agency level or identify ways to promote greater efficiency and continued collaboration between agencies within the current structure

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas
Phase I Action Items

Water Management	Develop stronger working relationships between local and state entities through improved communication, streamlined collaboration and realigned water cooperative strategies
Water Management	Improve customer service approach of the state's water agencies by simplifying and streamlining processes and procedures to make them more customer friendly and easier to understand, prioritizing agency resources to better serve water right holders and other citizens, and utilizing stakeholder input to improve service activities

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas
Phase I Action Items

Category	Action Item
Technology and Crop Varieties	Identify most efficient system technologies for use by Kansas irrigators by working with irrigation system and water management technology manufacturers, Kansas State University (KSU), crop consultants, ground water management districts (GMDs) and others
Technology and Crop Varieties	Ensure appropriate irrigation efficiency technology and irrigation management practices are eligible under the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) by working with USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS)
Technology and Crop Varieties	Ensure appropriate irrigation efficiency technology and irrigation management practices are eligible under the state's Water Resources Cost-Share Program
Technology and Crop Varieties	For emerging irrigation technologies, consider application for USDA's Conservation Innovation Grant funding to accelerate technology transfer and adoption of promising technologies
Technology and Crop Varieties	Determine optimum plant development stages for most efficient water application opportunities by collaborating with the seed industry, KSU, crop consultants and others
Technology and Crop Varieties	Demonstrate various technologies at KSU Agricultural Experiment Stations
Technology and Crop Varieties	Establish a Technology Outreach Taskforce to assist in the working model development and implementation of the field scale demonstrations
Technology and Crop Varieties	Showcase, on a field scale, the latest technologies in irrigation infrastructure, irrigation water management, soil moisture measurement, conservation tillage, automation, telemetry and other agronomic practices aimed at reducing irrigation water use
Technology and Crop Varieties	Form a collaborative stakeholder team to set sorghum research priorities and develop research and funding strategy and present strategy to potential funding partners, including the Kansas Legislature
Technology and Crop Varieties	Ensure crop insurance policies do not discourage use of alternative, specialty and cover crops
Technology and Crop Varieties	Collaborate with crop consultants and other agricultural advisors to support farmers interested in less water intensive alternative crop production
Technology and Crop Varieties	Encourage state universities to expand engagement in development of teaching, research and extension programs related to less water intensive crop varieties
Technology and Crop Varieties	Improve adoptability of feed wheat, along with other alternate crops, through marketing, commodity segregation, research and education
Technology and Crop Varieties	Encourage producers to consider all aspects of agronomic management systems when trying to make water efficient decisions
Technology and Crop Varieties	Address policy issues that limit the growth of cotton in Kansas, specifically use of 2,4-D

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas
Phase I Action Items

<i>Technology and Crop Varieties</i>	<i>Identify potential statutory or regulatory changes</i>
<i>Technology and Crop Varieties</i>	<i>Encourage U.S. Department of Agriculture and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency regulatory approval of Enlist Duo™ Cotton for Kansas for the 2016 planting season</i>
<i>Technology and Crop Varieties</i>	<i>Support additional pesticide product and seed variety development that improves opportunities for cotton growth in Kansas</i>
Technology and Crop Varieties	Strengthen the use of Driftwatch™ by growers of sensitive crops and pesticide applicators
Technology and Crop Varieties	Continue to further develop and disseminate information about the state's water resources, including additional data, maps and reports and improve understanding of the Ogallala-High Plains Aquifer as an aid to water management in western Kansas
Technology and Crop Varieties	Expand adoption of on-line water use reporting system so customers are better served and information is readily available

Category	Action Item
Technology and Crop Varieties	Share research findings broadly with Kansas citizens to improve understanding of our state's water resources
Technology and Crop Varieties	Annually coordinate with university researchers regarding the Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas to ensure future collaborative research supports the successful implementation of the Vision
Technology and Crop Varieties	Expand observation well network in the High Plains Aquifer
Technology and Crop Varieties	Utilize agricultural education and 4-H to encourage young people to develop agricultural programs using water efficient technologies and less water intensive crops or crop varieties through recognition and incentive programs
Technology and Crop Varieties	Develop models for the inclusion of water conservation into the agricultural education curriculum, including classroom, supervised agricultural experience and FFA activities
Technology and Crop Varieties	Encourage the development of community college, technical programs and university programs to prepare the future workforce to work in irrigation efficiency technologies and with necessary expertise in less water intensive crops and crop varieties

Vision for the Future of Water Supply in Kansas
Phase I Action Items

Category	Action Item
Economic Analysis	Impact analysis on policy alternatives
Economic Analysis	Decision making tools
Economic Analysis	Water conservation outreach

Conservation District Office Review - Operations

County: _____

Date: _____

<p>Surety Bond</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p><i>Does the Conservation District have copies of the required surety bond for district employee(s) and supervisors on file? List the surety bond amounts for employee(s) and Supervisors:</i></p> <p>District Employee Bond Amount \$ _____</p> <p>District Supervisors Bond Amount \$ _____</p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>District Audit</p> <p><i>Does the Conservation District have the most recent district audit on file?</i></p> <p>Audit Year _____</p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>Local Operational Agreement</p> <p><i>Does the Conservation District have a copy of the most recent Local Operational Agreement on file?</i></p> <p>Date of agreement _____</p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>Annual Work Plan</p> <p><i>Does the Conservation District have a copy of the most recent Annual Work Plan on file?</i></p> <p>Date of Annual Work Plan _____</p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>Minutes and Treasurers Report Review</p> <p>Months Reviewed: _____ Minutes</p> <p><i>and Treasurers Report Signed by the appropriate parties?</i></p> <p><i>Do the Treasurers Reports balance from month to month?</i></p> <p><i>Does the Treasurers Report contain an unpaid bills report and/or claim vouchers?</i></p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>District Credit Card</p> <p><i>Is the Conservation District's name on the credit card?</i></p> <p><i>Has the Conservation District approved a credit card policy?</i></p> <p><i>Do the District Supervisors review the credit card statement and bills monthly?</i></p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>Have all monthly and/or quarterly payments been made for employee withholding, unemployment insurance, tax, social security/Medicare etc.</p> <p><i>Payment made to state and federal agencies needs to be reconciled with the payroll records to ensure accurate accounting.</i></p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>Annual Report</p> <p><i>Does the Conservation District have a copy of the most recent Annual Report?</i></p> <p>Date of Annual Report _____</p>
<p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p> <p>Yes ___ No ___</p>	<p>Personnel Policy Handbook</p> <p><i>Does the Conservation District have a Personnel Policy Handbook?</i></p> <p><i>Does the Conservation District have a Signed Employee Agreement with employees?</i></p> <p><i>Does the board review employee time sheets?</i></p> <p><i>Is the board in compliance with Fair Labor Standard Act?</i></p>

Division of Conservation Staff:

_____Date:_____District

Manager:

_____Date:_____



Summary and Update on HB2061

A bill amending the powers and duties of the Kansas Department of Agriculture's Division of Conservation and the State Conservation Commission.

HB 2061 would authorize the Kansas Department of Agriculture's (KDA) Division of Conservation, in consultation with the State Conservation Commission, to take action necessary to assist Kansas Watershed Districts to restore, establish, enhance, and protect natural resources with conservation easements for the purpose of compensatory mitigation required under Section 404 of the Federal Clean Water Act in addition to other powers and duties authorized under existing law. Kansas Watershed Districts came to the KDA, requesting assistance. Their objective was to develop lower-cost options to meet the requirements of the U.S. Army Corps 404 permit.

The Corps has adopted stream mitigation guidelines that define when construction activities impact wetlands and/or streams and must be offset by compensatory mitigation. The Corps does not allow the Watershed District to hold the mitigation easements.

The bill was introduced by the House Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources, and was amended throughout the session to limit the application of the bill to Watershed Districts and ensure all costs of the easements and associated mitigation be

covered by such Districts. When this bill was last considered in the House the vote was 121-2-0-1 in favor of passage.

What HB2061 will do:

- Provide a tool for Watershed Districts to construct critical flood control and sediment retention structures
- Allow for a cost effective means for Watershed Districts to obtain Clean Water Act Section 404 permits and the associated mitigation and conservation easement requirements

What HB2061 will not do:

- Be used for any easement acquisition other than for Watershed Districts
- Be provided to any other entity than Watershed Districts
- Result in an increase in agency expenditure (All costs to establish the mitigation and associated conservation easement would be borne by the Watershed District)

The Kansas Department of Agriculture and the State Conservation Commission supports HB 2061 and believe it creates a useful tool for watershed districts and other local government agencies.



FROM THE LAND OF KANSAS

Overview

The From the Land of Kansas™ trademark program's goal is to help businesses that grow, produce, process or manufacture products in Kansas. In addition, the program works with and supports restaurants using Kansas products and retailers selling Kansas products and ingredients.

The trademark program helps members promote their Kansas products and provides members with a variety of business development tips and opportunities including marketing assistance. In addition, the program provides a consistent way to identify Kansas agriculture-based products.

Program guidelines

Companies meet the listed guidelines in the following categories to be eligible for membership:

Farmer/Rancher:

- 100 percent of the product is grown/produced in Kansas

Manufacturer/Processor (food and non-food products):

- 100 percent of the product's processing or manufacturing is done in Kansas

Value-added agriculture (non-food products):

- 100 percent of the product's raw materials are acquired from Kansas and
- 100 percent of the product's processing, manufacturing or craftsmanship is done in Kansas

Restaurant:

- Restaurant is Kansas owned or the restaurant serves one or more primary Kansas food ingredients (note: only franchises head quartered in Kansas will be allowed in the trademark program, others will not) and
- Restaurant identifies which food products are from Kansas/locally grown

Agritourism:

- Business provides an agriculture-based experience, and
- Business must be a registered agritourism operation with the Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism

Membership

Companies can join the program in one of the five program categories. For more information on the program visit FromtheLandofKansas.com or contact Stacy Mayo, From the Land of Kansas director, at 785-564-6759 or stacy.mayo@kda.ks.gov.

Membership benefits	Level 1 Free	Level 2 \$2,000	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5 \$100 \$500 \$1,000
Member contact information listed on FromtheLandofKansas.com	★	★	★	★	★
Receive member-only newsletter with business development opportunities	★	★	★	★	★
Number of product categories featured on website	1	2	3	4	5
Opportunity to post items on Buy/Sell portal on website	★	★	★	★	★
Company photos featured on program website	★	★	★	★	★
Ability to post events to the From the Land of Kansas website calendar for public promotion	2 events	4 events	6 events	8 events	10 events
Exhibit space at the From the Land of Kansas trade show (space is limited)		Full Price	25% discount	50% discount	75% discount
Access to and permitted usage of trademark logos		★	★	★	★
Included in the From the Land of Kansas tent at the Kansas Sampler Festival (Participants pay normal festival fee)		★	★	★	★
Included in Kansas Pavilions at international food shows (Participants pay normal show fees)		★	★	★	★

Eligible for participation in the Barcode Initiative		★	★	★	★
Featured in trademark social media & paid media promotions, where applicable			1 post a month	2 posts a month	3 posts a month
Ability to sell produce on the From the Land of Kansas marketplace website			★	★	★
Opportunity to be included in reception/convention offering, gift bags or giveaways			★	★	★
Video feature of your company on trademark website				★	★
Creation of a social media campaign supported by trademark profiles				★	★
Opportunity to partner in co-marketing					★
Opportunity to be featured prominently in applicable printed promotions					★
Priority invitation to meet with international buyers as the opportunity arises					★
One annual free product labeling test & shelf life test from K-State Value Added Foods Lab					★
Company featured on Chef Alli's Farm Fresh Kitchen segment on WIBW-TV					★

Updated Feb. 2015

WRCSP FY 2016 Allocations May 12, 2015 \$1,606,392 - Total Available for Allocation							
FY 2015 Allocations				FY 2016 Allocations			
COUNTY	DNA	TMDL	FY 2015	DNA	TMDL	FY 2016	Inc/Dec
			<u>Total</u>			<u>Total</u>	
ALLEN	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
ANDERSON	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
ATCHISON	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
BARBER	17,621	\$0	\$17,621	17,621	\$0	\$17,621	\$0
BARTON	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
BOURBON	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
BROWN	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
BUTLER	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
CHASE	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
CHAUTAUQUA	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	\$0
CHEROKEE	12,194	\$0	\$12,194	12,194	\$0	\$12,194	\$0
CHEYENNE	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
CLARK	17,621	\$0	\$17,621	16,163	\$0	\$16,163	\$1,458
CLAY	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
CLOUD	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	\$0
COFFEY	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
COMANCHE	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
COWLEY	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
CRAWFORD	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
DECATUR	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
DICKINSON	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
DONIPHAN	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
DOUGLAS	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
EDWARDS	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
ELK	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	\$0
ELLIS	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
ELLSWORTH	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
FINNEY	18,224	\$0	\$18,224	18,224	\$0	\$18,224	\$0
FORD	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
FRANKLIN	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
GEARY	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	\$0
GOVE	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
GRAHAM	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
GRANT	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	\$0
GRAY	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
GREELEY	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
GREENWOOD	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
HAMILTON	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
HARPER	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
HARVEY	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	\$0
HASKELL	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
HODGEMAN	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0

JACKSON	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
JEFFERSON	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
JEWELL	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
JOHNSON	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	\$0
KEARNY	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
KINGMAN	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
KIOWA	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	\$0
LABETTE	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
LANE	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
LEAVENWORTH	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
LINCOLN	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
LINN	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
LOGAN	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
LYON	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
MARION	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	\$0
MARSHALL	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
MCPHERSON	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0

WRCSP FY 2016 Allocations May 12, 2015 \$1,606,392 - Total Available for Allocation

FY 2015 Allocations			FY 2016 Allocations				
COUNTY	DNA	TMDL	FY 2015	DNA	TMDL	FY 2016	Inc/Dec
			<u>Total</u>			<u>Total</u>	
MEADE	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
MIAMI	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
MITCHELL	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	\$0
MONTGOMERY	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
MORRIS	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
MORTON	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	\$0
NEMAHA	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
NEOSHO	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
NESS	17,621	\$0	\$17,621	17,621	\$0	\$17,621	\$0
NORTON	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
OSAGE	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
OSBORNE	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
OTTAWA	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
PAWNEE	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
PHILLIPS	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
POTTAWATOMIE	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
PRATT	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
RAWLINS	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
RENO	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
REPUBLIC	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
RICE	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
RILEY	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	14,003	\$0	\$14,003	\$0
ROOKS	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
RUSH	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
RUSSELL	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
SALINE	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
SCOTT	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
SEDGWICK	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
SEWARD	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	15,209	\$0	\$15,209	\$0
SHAWNEE	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	\$0
SHERIDAN	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
SHERMAN	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
SMITH	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
STAFFORD	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
STANTON	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
STEVENS	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0
SUMNER	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
THOMAS	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	17,018	\$0	\$17,018	\$0
TREGO	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
WABAUNSEE	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	14,606	\$0	\$14,606	\$0
WALLACE	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
WASHINGTON	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	15,812	\$0	\$15,812	\$0

WICHITA	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	16,415	\$0	\$16,415	\$0
WILSON	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	13,400	\$0	\$13,400	\$0
WOODSON	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	12,797	\$0	\$12,797	\$0
WYANDOTTE	13,802	\$0	\$13,802	13,802	\$0	\$13,802	\$0
Totals	\$1,606,392	\$0	\$1,606,392	\$1,604,934	\$0	\$1,604,934	\$1,458
				TMDL Allocation			\$200,000
				Morris	Twin Lakes Watershed		
				Osage	110 Mile Creek Watershed		
				Washington	Peats Creek Watershed		
FY 2016				Lyon	Coal Creek Watershed		
DNA	\$1,604,934			Labette	Labette Creek Watershed		
TMDL Allocation:	<u>\$200,000</u>						
Total Allocation:	\$1,804,934						

FY 2016 NonPoint Source Pollution Control Program Allocations:							
May 12, 2015 SCC Meeting				\$1,439,350 - Total Available for Allocation			
FY 2015 Allocations				FY 2016 Allocations			
	Base	Total	FY2015 Total	Base	Total	FY2016 Total	Inc/Dec
County	Cost-Share	TMDL	Cost-Share	Cost-Share	TMDL	Cost-Share	
Allen	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$0
Anderson	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$0
Atchison	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Barber	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Barton	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Bourbon	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$0
Brown	\$15,408	\$0	\$15,408	\$15,408	\$0	\$15,408	\$0
Butler	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Chase	\$18,486	\$0	\$18,486	\$18,486	\$0	\$18,486	\$0
Chautauqua	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Cherokee	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Cheyenne	\$9,252	\$0	\$9,252	\$9,252	\$0	\$9,252	\$0
Clark	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$11,556	\$0	\$11,556	\$1,458
Clay	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Cloud	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$0
Coffey	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Comanche	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Cowley	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Crawford	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Decatur	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$0
Dickinson	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Doniphan	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Douglas	\$15,408	\$0	\$15,408	\$15,408	\$0	\$15,408	\$0
Edwards	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$0
Elk	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Ellis	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Ellsworth	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Finney	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$0
Ford	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$0
Franklin	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Geary	\$15,408	\$0	\$15,408	\$15,408	\$0	\$15,408	\$0
Gove	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$0
Graham	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$0
Grant	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$0
Gray	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$0
Greeley	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$0
Greenwood	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Hamilton	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$0
Harper	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Harvey	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Haskell	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$0
Hodgeman	\$11,646	\$0	\$11,646	\$11,646	\$0	\$11,646	\$0

Jackson	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Jefferson	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Jewell	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$0
Johnson	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Kearny	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$0
Kingman	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$0
Kiowa	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Labette	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Lane	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$9,594	\$0	\$9,594	\$0
Leavenworth	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Lincoln	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$0
Linn	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Logan	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$0
Lyon	\$18,486	\$0	\$18,486	\$18,486	\$0	\$18,486	\$0
Marion	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Marshall	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$0
McPherson	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Meade	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$0

Attachment G

FY 2016 NonPoint Source Pollution Control Program Allocations:							
May 12, 2015 SCC Meeting			\$1,439,350 - Total Available for Allocation				
FY 2015 Allocations				FY 2016 Allocations			
	Base	Total	FY2015 Total	Base	Total	FY2016 Total	Inc/Dec
County	Cost-Share	TMDL	Cost-Share	Cost-Share	TMDL	Cost-Share	
Miami	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Mitchell	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$0
Montgomery	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Morris	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Morton	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$0
Nemaha	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Neosho	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Ness	\$11,646	\$0	\$11,646	\$11,646	\$0	\$11,646	\$0
Norton	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Osage	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Osborne	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Ottawa	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Pawnee	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Phillips	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Pottawatomie	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Pratt	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Rawlins	\$9,252	\$0	\$9,252	\$9,252	\$0	\$9,252	\$0
Reno	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$16,434	\$0	\$16,434	\$0
Republic	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Rice	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$13,014	\$0	\$13,014	\$0
Riley	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Rooks	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$0
Rush	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$12,330	\$0	\$12,330	\$0
Russell	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Saline	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Scott	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$0
Sedgwick	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$15,066	\$0	\$15,066	\$0
Seward	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$0
Shawnee	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Sheridan	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$0
Sherman	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$0
Smith	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Stafford	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Stanton	\$9,252	\$0	\$9,252	\$9,252	\$0	\$9,252	\$0
Stevens	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$0
Sumner	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Thomas	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$10,620	\$0	\$10,620	\$0
Trego	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$13,698	\$0	\$13,698	\$0
Wabaunsee	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$17,460	\$0	\$17,460	\$0
Wallace	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$10,278	\$0	\$10,278	\$0
Washington	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0

Wichita	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$9,936	\$0	\$9,936	\$0
Wilson	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$14,382	\$0	\$14,382	\$0
Woodson	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$13,356	\$0	\$13,356	\$0
Wyandotte	\$12,364	\$0	\$12,364	\$12,364	\$0	\$12,364	\$0
TOTAL	\$1,439,350	\$0	\$1,439,350	\$1,437,892	\$0	\$1,437,892	\$1,458
FY 2016				TMDL Allocation			\$100,000
NPS Base		\$1,437,892		Morris	Twin Lakes Watershed		
TMDL		\$100,000		Osage	110 Mile Creek Watershed		
Total Allocation		\$1,537,892		Washington	Peats Creek Watershed		
				Lyon	Coal Creek Watershed		
				Labette	Labette Creek Watershed		

WATERSHED DAM CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

New Dams Construction

DOC FY-2016 STAFF RECOMMENDATION

					Detention	Drainage	Cost-share		
	District	Site	County	Basin	(ac-ft)	(acres)	Requested	Recommended	
1	Marmaton	WJD 102 *	B-4	BB	MDC	125	908	\$17,705	\$17,705
2	Marmaton	WJD 102 *	Robinson	BB	MDC	76	420	\$12,400	\$12,400
								\$30,105	

(*) Partially funded in FY 2014 and 2015



**NRCS HIGHLIGHTS OF ACTIVITIES
for the
STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
MANHATTAN, KANSAS
May 12, 2015**

This is a brief update to the report that was presented at the April 13, 2015, meeting.

PERSONNEL

Retirements: Brian D. Lang, Construction Engineer, Salina State Office
 Arthur A. Hastert, Soil Conservationist, Lyndon

PROGRAMS

Regional Conservation Partnership Program

A signing ceremony for the Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCP) Agreements that were selected for funding in Kansas was held yesterday, May 11, 2015, at the Natural Resources Conservation Service Conference Center. Initiated under the 2014 Farm Bill, this competitive program generated pre-proposals from many partners for both the National and state categories. The three projects selected involve the following partners: the Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks and Tourism; the Ground Water Management Districts, and the Kansas Forest Service. The first two mentioned were funded under the state proposals, while the Forest Service was funded under the National category. This brings a little over \$15 million dollars into the state from federal monies.

The requests for proposals for the 2016 RCP should be announced in the very near future.

Agricultural Conservation Easement Program

It was recently announced by the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Chief Jason Weller that the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) will extend the deadline to provide public comment on the Agricultural Conservation Easement Program's (ACEP) interim rule until May 28, 2015.

Natural Resources Conservation Service
Salina, Kansas 67401-4604

Phone: 785-823-4500 760 South Broadway Boulevard

FAX: 855-533-5070
www.ks.nrcs.usda.gov

Helping People Help the Land
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Water Conservation Areas Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

1. What is a Water Conservation Area?

A Water Conservation Area (WCA) is a designated area with an approved management plan developed by a water right owner or group of water right owners with the consent of the chief engineer to reduce water withdrawals while maintaining economic value via water right flexibility. WCAs were signed into law in April 2015 by Governor Sam Brownback to provide a tool to water right owners to extend the usable lifetime of the Ogallala-High Plains Aquifer.

2. What are the benefits to forming a Water Conservation Area?

There are many benefits to forming a Water Conservation Area (WCAs). Conserving water resources extends the usable lifetime of the supply allowing for either a transition to limited irrigation or for continued beneficial use of the water for a greater length of time into the future. Participation within a WCA also affords flexibilities that may not be available to water right owners outside of a WCA or LEMA. These flexibilities can be outlined in the management plan and may include such activities as creating multi-year allocations, allowing the movement of allocations between enrolled water rights, or the use of water for new uses. WCAs do not make any permanent change in enrolling water rights and can be limited in duration to allow water right owners to try out the controls.

3. Who is eligible to form a Water Conservation Area?

Any groundwater water right owner or group of water right owners in an area of need of conservation may form a Water Conservation Area. Water rights must be vested or certified in the same source of supply.

4. How do I form a Water Conservation Area?

The agency worked with the Legislature to develop a streamlined process for forming a Water Conservation Area. For a list of steps to forming a Water Conservation Area, [click here](#). Help is available at any step during the process by contacting either the Kansas Department of Agriculture, Division of Water Resources at (785) 564-6700 or Mandy Fox at (785) 410-2633.

5. What tools and assistance are available if I am interested in forming a Water Conservation Area (WCA)?

We are committed to provide the tools, information and assistance necessary to assist any water right owner interested in forming a Water Conservation Area. Some of these tools and information may include, but are not limited to, maps of places of use, hydrographs from our monitoring well network, water use history, estimated usable lifetime maps, and example consent agreement language. As you initiate discussions in the development of a WCA contact either the Kansas Department of Agriculture, Division of

Water Resources at (785) 564-6700 or Mandy Fox, WCA Consultant, at (785) 410-2633. There is no fee to request these services.

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6. What information needs to be included in a proposal to form a Water Conservation Area (WCA)?

Water right owner(s) develop a management plan that will serve as the basis of the WCA consent agreement. The management plan should include:

- Names of all water right owner(s) and name and contact information for the primary WCA representative (may be one of the water right owners) ○
- Clear geographic boundaries
- Written consent of all the participating water right owners ○ Information supporting that the area meets one or more of the following conditions:
 - Groundwater levels in the area are declining or have declined excessively
 - Rate of withdrawal of groundwater within the area in question equals or exceeds the rate of recharge in the area
 - Preventable waste of water is occurring or may occur in the area; or
 - Unreasonable deterioration of the quality of water is occurring in the area.
- Proposed duration of the WCA and any process for adding or removing water rights ○
- Indication that due consideration has been provided to any of the water right owners within the WCA that may have previously implemented voluntary water conservation measures
- Goals and corrective controls to address any of the conditions identified in item (c) above
- Description of the compliance and enforcement to implement the WCA

7. How is the land area included in an enrolled WCA determined?

The area of land enrolled in a WCA is the sum of the places of use of the enrolling water rights. The areas may or may not be contiguous.

8. How much conservation is required to be eligible for a WCA?

There are many corrective control provisions that may be included in a WCA including, but not limited to, closing an area to new appropriations, apportioning a permissible total withdrawal of groundwater, reducing permissible withdrawals, and requiring a rotation of groundwater use in the WCA. The water right owners proposing the WCA should determine the type and level of conservation that they feel fits for their area and personal goals. As a guideline, the acceptable level of conservation will be commensurate with the condition of the resource in the area, as well as, the level of flexibility requested in the WCA proposal.

9. How is a Water Conservation Area different from a Local Enhanced Management Area?

Both Water Conservation Areas (WCAs) and Local Enhanced Management Areas (LEMAs) are effective conservation tools available to water right owners. A WCA is formed when a water right owner or group of water right owners mutually agree to form a WCA and submit a management plan directly to the Chief Engineer. A Local Enhanced Management Area (LEMA) must be initiated by a Groundwater Management District (GMD) and is formed after a public hearing process before the Chief Engineer to consider the conservation plan.

10. What changes may be made if I form a Water Conservation Area and later a Local Enhanced Management Area or Intensive Groundwater User Control Area (IGUCA) is formed?

The corrective control provisions of a Water Conservation Area cannot conflict with the rules and regulations of a Groundwater Management District (GMD) or the requirements of a Local Enhanced Management Plan (LEMA) or Intensive Groundwater Use Control Area (IGUCA). If a LEMA or IGUCA is formed after a WCA and the WCA is partially or wholly within the LEMA or IGUCA, the corrective control provisions that result in the greater overall conservation of water resources will take effect. The Chief Engineer is authorized to amend the provisions of the water conservation area to conform to any rules and regulations or requirements that result in greater conservation of the water resources.

11. What is meant by giving due consideration to past voluntary measures in forming a WCA?

As described in the statute, a Water Conservation Area (WCA) management plan shall give due conservation to water users who have previously implemented reductions in water use resulting in voluntary conservation measures. Giving this due consideration may vary from one WCA to another and is dependent on the desire of each of the water right owners enrolling in a WCA. For example, if several water right owners agree to collectively enroll in one WCA and one of the water right owners has demonstrated a history of past voluntary measures that exceeds the other enrollees (high conversion to water efficient irrigation, significant reduction in groundwater withdrawals, etc), the enrollees may elect to afford that water right owner a lower level of required conservation.

12. I am interested in forming a WCA, how long will it take to complete the process?

A benefit of a Water Conservation Area (WCA) is that it is a simple process intended to be streamlined and not require long review times. Involving the Kansas Department of Agriculture early in your WCA plan development will help streamline the review process.

As described in the WCA statute, if a WCA is proposed within the boundaries of a Groundwater Management District (GMD), the GMD shall be given the opportunity to provide a written recommendation regarding the proposed WCA and management plan within 45 days of notification by the Chief Engineer. If there are extenuating circumstances or information that would significantly impact the success of the WCA, the review period may be extended by up to 30 days upon approval by the Chief Engineer.

To ensure the WCA is ready to implement in the following irrigation season, the Kansas Department of Agriculture requests all WCA plans be submitted by October 1st of the preceding year (e.g. – plans submitted by October 1, 2015 can be reviewed and available for implementation in the 2016 irrigation season).

13. What level of monitoring, reporting and compliance and enforcement are required if I enroll in a WCA?

As described in the statute, the Chief Engineer shall be responsible for the monitoring and enforcement of any corrective control provisions ordered for a Water Conservation Area. Much monitoring to ensure the water right owners enrolled within the WCA can be conducted by evaluating the required annual water use reports. Staff from the Kansas Department of Agriculture, Division of Water Resources may conduct “spot checks” throughout the year to ensure compliance.

In some cases, additional monitoring and reporting may be required to ensure successful implementation of the WCA. These cases may include requests for changes in pumping rate or changes in the places of use. Examples of monitoring protocol and reporting forms can be provided to assist enrollees in a WCA if these cases apply.

14. Will participating in a WCA impact my water right?

No. Enrolling in a WCA will not permanently alter the authorized quantity, rate, ownership and places of use connected to your water right. Depending on the corrective controls and flexibilities defined in the WCA consent agreement, term permits may need to be issued to address temporary changes in places of use, authorized quantities and authorized rates.

15. I am a water right holder adjacent to a Water Conservation Area (WCA). I am not interested in participating in the WCA. Will I be negatively impacted by the neighboring WCA?

No. The consent agreement terms and conditions will only apply to those water right holders agreeing to enroll in the WCA. If the WCA agreement includes flexibilities such as changes in places of use or changes in the authorized rate, the Chief Engineer will evaluate the request, with special attention to the perimeter of the WCA, to ensure neighboring water rights are not impacted.

Process for Developing a Water Conservation Area

In April 2015, Kansas Governor Sam Brownback signed into law a tool that allows any water right owner or a group of water right owners the opportunity to define a management plan to reduce withdrawals in

an effort to extend the usable lifetime of the Ogallala-High Plains Aquifer. The process for developing a Water Conservation Area (WCA) is simple and many tools are available to streamline this process.

Help is available at any step during the process by contacting either the Kansas Department of Agriculture, Division of Water Resources at (785) 564-6700 or Mandy Fox, Water Conservation Area consultant, at (785) 410-2633.

Pre-Process

1. Water right owner(s) schedule a pre-process meeting with the Kansas Department of Agriculture or Mandy Fox, WCA Consultant, to review water rights, historic use, resource conditions and ideas for corrective controls, conservation goal, and flexibilities.
2. As the water right owner(s) collect resources for the development of their WCA, the Kansas Department of Agriculture can provide the following:
 - a. Maps showing aggregate places of use
 - b. Hydrographs of water table decline and the average rate of decline for 2003-2012 (recommended period)
 - c. Water use history for each water right including acre foot per acre averages for 2003-2012 (recommended period)
 - d. Estimated usable lifetime (EUL) map and an assessment of potential EUL responses to conservation goals

WCA Development and Approval

1. Water right owner(s) develop a management plan that will serve as the basis of the WCA consent agreement. The management plan should include:
 - a. Names of all water right owner(s) and name and contact information for the primary WCA representative (may be one of the water right owners)
 - b. Clear geographic boundaries
 - c. Written consent of all the participating water right owners
 - d. Information supporting that the area meets one or more of the following conditions:
 - i. Groundwater levels in the area are declining or have declined excessively
 - ii. Rate of withdrawal of groundwater within the area in question equals or exceeds the rate of recharge in the area
 - iii. Preventable waste of water is occurring or may occur in the area; or iv. Unreasonable deterioration of the quality of water is occurring in the area.
 - e. Proposed duration of the WCA and any process for adding or removing water rights
 - f. Indication that due consideration has been provided to any of the water right owners within the WCA that may have previously implemented voluntary water conservation measures
 - g. Goals and corrective controls to address any of the conditions identified in item (c) above
 - h. Description of the compliance and enforcement to implement the WCA
2. By October 1, water right owner(s) submit WCA management plan to the Chief Engineer
3. Chief Engineer ensures that the management plan has the required elements.
4. If the WCA boundaries fall partly or wholly within a Groundwater Management District (GMD), the Chief Engineer will provide the management plan to the GMD. The GMD shall be given the

opportunity to provide a written recommendation regarding the proposed WCA and management plan within 45 days of notification by the Chief Engineer. If there are extenuating circumstances or information that would significantly impact the success of the WCA, the review period may be extended by up to 30 days upon approval by the Chief Engineer.

5. Kansas Department of Agriculture develops a consent agreement and order of designation. Water Right Owner(s) within the WCA review and sign the consent agreement and order of designation.
6. The signed consent agreement and order of designation is entered in the records of the Chief Engineer and the term and conditions of the WCA can begin implementation.

Post Order Process

1. Depending on the corrective controls and flexibilities defined in the WCA consent agreement, term permits may need to be issued to address temporary changes in places of use, authorized quantities and authorized rates.
2. During implementation of WCA, water right owners will continue to submit annual water use reports. In some cases, additional monitoring and reporting may be required to ensure successful implementation of the WCA. These cases may include requests for changes in pumping rate or changes in the places of use. (Examples of monitoring protocol and reporting forms can be provided to assist enrollees in a WCA if these cases apply)
3. Chief Engineer shall be responsible for the monitoring and enforcement of any corrective control provisions ordered for a Water Conservation Area. A periodic review of the consent agreement and order shall be conducted by the Chief Engineer at the frequency defined in the agreement. Kansas Department of Agriculture, Division of Water Resources may conduct “spot checks” throughout the year to ensure compliance.
4. If a Local Enhanced Management Area (LEMA) or Intensive Groundwater Use Control Area (IGUCA) is formed and overlaps the boundaries of the WCA, the Chief Engineer may modify the WCA order if the LEMA or IGUCA provisions are more restrictive.
5. With the consent of all participating water right owner(s), the Chief Engineer may amend the agreement and order to modify corrective controls or boundaries, add or remove water rights, terminate the WCA or make other changes requested by the water right owner(s).

June - July

- Pre-Process Meeting

August -
September

- Water right owner(s) develop management plan
- Submit plan to Chief Engineer no later than October 1st
- Chief Engineer ensures plan is complete

October -
December

- If WCA falls within GMD, Chief Engineer provides WCA plan to GMD
- GMD has 45 days to provide recommendation. Comment period may be extended by a maximum of 30 additional days

October -
December

- Kansas Department of Agriculture develops a consent agreement and order of designation.
- Water Right Owner(s) within the WCA review and sign the consent agreement and order of designation.

January

- Signed consent agreement and order of designation is entered in the records of the Chief Engineer and the term and conditions of the WCA can begin implementation.

WCA Process

June July Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan

Pre-Process
Meeting

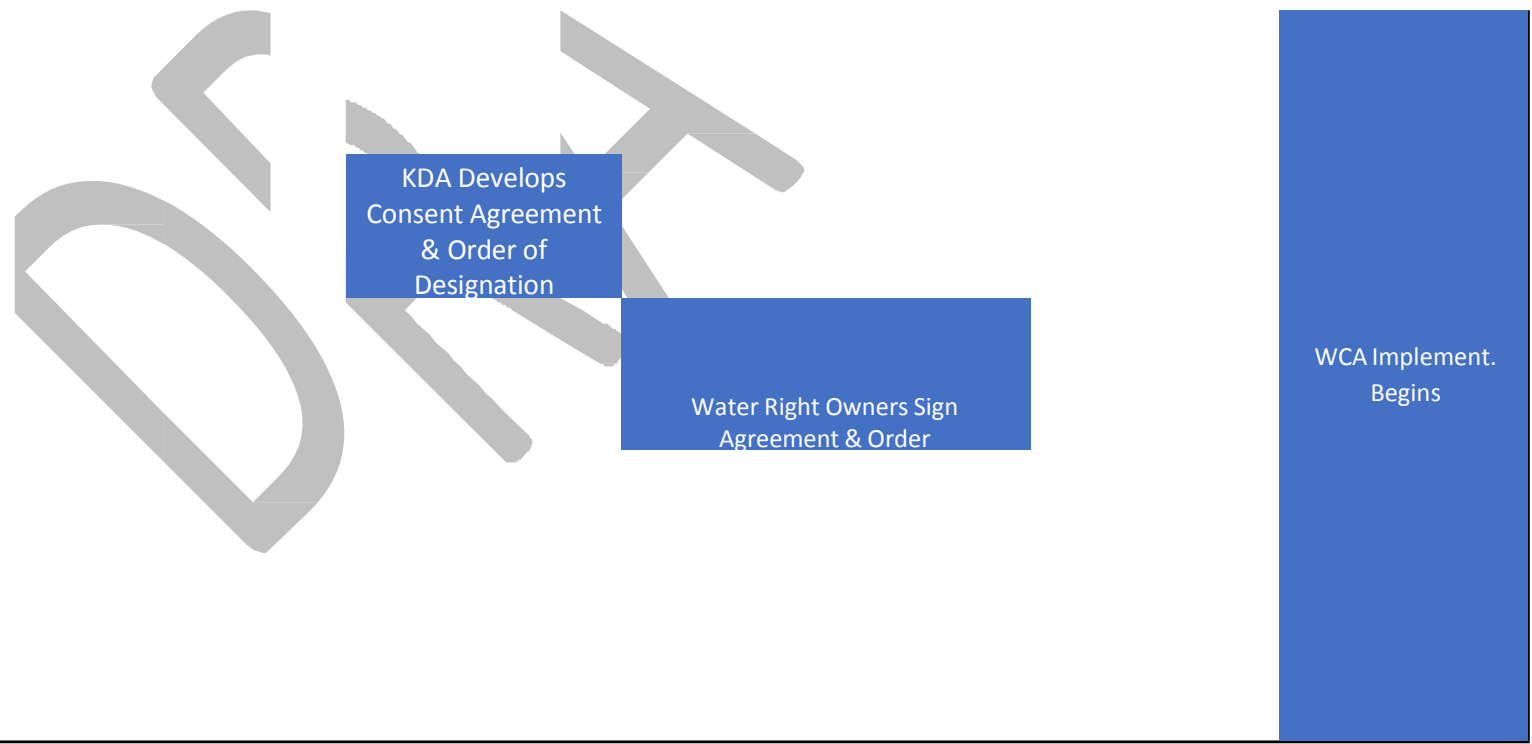
Develop
Management
Plan

CE Ensures Plan Complete

GMD
Recommendation
Review Period

GMD Recommendation Review
Extension

Signed Agreement &
Order Entered In
Record





FY 2016 Aid to Conservation Districts - for Recording Purposes							\$2,101,348.00	County Calendar Year 2015					
County CD	County	State of KS	Amount	State of KS	Total		County CD	County	State of KS	Amount	State of KS	Total	
	Total	Match	Reduced	Matched				Total	Matched	Reduced	Matched		
ALLEN	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		LINN	\$ 28,500	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 50,596.25	
ANDERSON	\$ 32,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 54,096		LOGAN	\$ 14,500	\$ 14,500	(\$1,684.18)	\$ 12,815.82	\$ 27,315.82	
ATCHISON	\$ 26,139	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 48,235		LYON	\$ 27,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 49,096.25	
BARBER	\$ 30,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 52,096		MARION	\$ 28,790	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 50,886.25	
BARTON	\$ 24,650	\$24,650	(\$2,863.10)	\$ 21,786.90	\$ 46,437		MARSHALL	\$ 34,500	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 56,596.25	
BOURBON	\$ 38,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 60,096		McPHERSON	\$ 31,280	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 53,376.25	
BROWN	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		MEADE	\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000	(\$1,858.40)	\$ 14,141.60	\$ 30,141.60	
BUTLER	\$ 39,600	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 61,696		MIAMI	\$ 34,385	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 56,481.25	
CHASE	\$ 17,000	\$17,000	(\$1,974.55)	\$ 15,025.45	\$ 32,025		MITCHELL	\$ 19,440	\$ 19,440	(\$2,257.96)	\$ 17,182.04	\$ 36,622.04	
CHAUTAUQUA	\$ 12,000	\$12,000	(\$1,393.80)	\$ 10,606.20	\$ 22,606		MONTGOMERY	\$ 25,500	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,596.25	
CHEROKEE	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		MORRIS	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
CHEYENNE	\$ 19,000	\$19,000	(\$2,206.85)	\$ 16,793.15	\$ 35,793		MORTON	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
CLARK	\$ 20,000	\$20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677		NEMAHA	\$ 32,400	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 54,496.25	
CLAY	\$ 36,500	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 58,596		NEOSHO	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677.00	
CLOUD	\$ 20,000	\$20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677		NESS	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	(\$2,090.70)	\$ 15,909.30	\$ 33,909.30	
COFFEY	\$ 70,125	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 92,221		NORTON	\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000	(\$1,858.40)	\$ 14,141.60	\$ 30,141.60	
COMANCHE	\$ 20,000	\$20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677		OSAGE	\$ 27,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 49,096.25	
COWLEY	\$ 36,120	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 58,216		OSBORNE	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	(\$2,090.70)	\$ 15,909.30	\$ 33,909.30	
CRAWFORD	\$ 33,912	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 56,008		OTTAWA	\$ 17,500	\$ 17,500	(\$2,032.63)	\$ 15,467.37	\$ 32,967.37	
DECATUR	\$ 19,000	\$19,000	(\$2,206.85)	\$ 16,793.15	\$ 35,793		PAWNEE	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	(\$2,555.30)	\$ 19,444.70	\$ 41,444.70	
DICKINSON	\$ 30,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 52,096		PHILLIPS	\$ 14,000	\$ 14,000	(\$1,626.10)	\$ 12,373.90	\$ 26,373.90	
DONIPHAN	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		POTTAWATOMIE	\$ 80,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 102,096.25	
DOUGLAS	\$ 106,483	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 128,579		PRATT	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677.00	
EDWARDS	\$ 27,955	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 50,051		RAWLINS	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	(\$2,555.30)	\$ 19,444.70	\$ 41,444.70	
ELK	\$ 12,000	\$12,000	(\$1,393.80)	\$ 10,606.20	\$ 22,606		RENO	\$ 40,500	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 62,596.25	
ELLIS	\$ 75,125	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 97,221		REPUBLIC	\$ 35,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 57,096.25	
ELLSWORTH	\$ 30,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 52,096		RICE	\$ 30,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 52,096.25	
FINNEY	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		RILEY	\$ 54,590	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 76,686.25	
FORD	\$ 50,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 72,096		ROOKS	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
FRANKLIN	\$ 43,780	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 65,876		RUSH	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
GEARY	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		RUSSELL	\$ 27,500	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 49,596.25	
GOVE	\$ 20,000	\$20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677		SALINE	\$ 24,289	\$ 24,289	(\$2,821.17)	\$ 21,467.83	\$ 45,756.48	
GRAHAM	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		SCOTT	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	(\$1,568.03)	\$ 11,931.97	\$ 25,431.97	
GRANT	\$ 21,250	\$21,250	(\$2,468.19)	\$ 18,781.81	\$ 40,032		SEDGWICK	\$ 40,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 62,096.25	
GRAY	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		SEWARD	\$ 41,704	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 63,800.25	
GREELEY	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		SHAWNEE	\$ 40,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 62,096.25	
GREENWOOD	\$ 16,500	\$16,500	(\$1,916.48)	\$ 14,583.52	\$ 31,084		SHERIDAN	\$ 16,500	\$ 16,500	(\$1,916.48)	\$ 14,583.52	\$ 31,083.52	
HAMILTON	\$ 20,000	\$20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677		SHERMAN	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
HARPER	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		SMITH	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	(\$1,742.25)	\$ 13,257.75	\$ 28,257.75	
HARVEY	\$ 16,065	\$16,065	(\$1,865.95)	\$ 14,199.05	\$ 30,264		STAFFORD	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
HASKELL	\$ 31,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 53,096		STANTON	\$ 29,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 51,096.25	
HODGEMAN	\$ 24,000	\$24,000	(\$2,787.60)	\$ 21,212.40	\$ 45,212		STEVENS	\$ 28,818	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 50,914.25	
JACKSON	\$ 55,958	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 78,054		SUMNER	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
JEFFERSON	\$ 39,801	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 61,897		THOMAS	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
JEWELL	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		TREGO	\$ 17,500	\$ 17,500	(\$2,032.63)	\$ 15,467.37	\$ 32,967.37	
JOHNSON	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		WABAUNSEE	\$ 28,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 50,096.25	
KEARNY	\$ 65,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 87,096		WALLACE	\$ 17,000	\$ 17,000	(\$1,974.55)	\$ 15,025.45	\$ 32,025.45	
KINGMAN	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		WASHINGTON	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
KIOWA	\$ 15,000	\$15,000	(\$1,742.25)	\$ 13,257.75	\$ 28,258		WICHITA	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
LABETTE	\$ 20,000	\$20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677		WILSON	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096.25	
LANE	\$ 25,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 47,096		WOODSON	\$ 19,800	\$ 19,800	(\$2,299.77)	\$ 17,500.23	\$ 37,300.23	
LEAVENWORTH	\$ 55,000	\$25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 77,096		WYANDOTTE	\$ 42,771	\$ 25,000	(\$2,903.75)	\$ 22,096.25	\$ 64,867.25	
LINCOLN	\$ 20,000	\$20,000	(\$2,323.00)	\$ 17,677.00	\$ 37,677		TOTALS	\$ 3,042,230	\$ 2,377,494	(\$276,146.00)	\$ 2,101,348.00	\$ 5,143,578	



59 eligible for maximum funding

#29 counties receiving an increase from previous year: Anderson-\$3,000, Atchison-\$1,937, Barber-\$5,000, Cheyenne-\$1,000, Clark-\$2,000, Clay-\$1,330, Coffey-\$1,000, Douglas-\$22,333, Edwards-\$5,000, Haskell-\$2,000, Labette-\$1,000, Lincoln-\$3,700, Marshall-\$500, McPherson-\$615, Morton-\$2,600, Neosho-\$520, Norton-\$1,000, Osage-\$1,000, Ottawa-\$1,000, Pawnee-\$2,000, Pratt-\$500, Rawlins-\$2,000, Riley-\$1,070, Rooks-\$3,660, Sherman-\$2,000, Smith-\$1,710, Wabaunsee-\$3,000, Wallace-\$2,000, Wilson-\$2,500

#4 counties receiving a decrease: Ford-\$5,000, Geary-\$6,000, Jefferson-\$812, & Stevens-\$3,202

(Scott - \$13,500)

Receives funding from the county general fund and special mill levy - Anderson, Coffey, Crawford, Kearny, Marshall and Pottawatomie

Receives funding solely from the special mill levy - Cloud, Decatur, Doniphan, Sherman

Received allocation via email and/or telephone call

Received allocation via approved budget

* PRELIMINARY INFORMATION PRESENTED
AT THE 5-12/2015 SCC MEETING - TO BE
CONSIDERED AS "DRAFT" ONLY!

Steve Frost